

Unit 1 What's the matter?

词汇部分:

1. 病状

have\get\catch a cold 感冒
药

have a fever 发烧
量体温

have a cough 咳嗽

have a headache 头疼

have a stomachache 胃痛

have a sore back 背疼

have a toothache 牙疼

have a sore throat 喉咙疼
honey

have a nosebleed 流鼻血

cut one's knee 刮伤膝盖

get hit on the head 撞到头

3. 其他重点词汇

agree to do sth. 同意做某事

fall down 摔倒

take risks\take a risk 冒险

人+run out of 用尽; 耗尽

金钱\时间+run out 做某事有困难

be in control of 掌管; 管理

2. 急救措施

take some medicine 吃些

take one's temperature

have a rest \take
breaks\take a break 休息一
下

lie down and have a rest
躺下休息

see a dentist and get an
X-ray
看牙医

drink some hot tea with

喝一些带蜂蜜的茶

put one's head down
and press the sides of
one's nose
低头按住鼻子

wash the cut and put some
medicine on it 洗伤口并敷
药

go to the hospital and get
an X-ray 去医院并照 X 光

think about 考虑

feel sick 感觉不舒服

cut off 切除

have problems doing sth.

get out off 离开

be interested in 对……感兴趣	right away 立马；马上
be used to 习惯于 做某事	keep on doing sth. 坚持
make a decision 做决定	give up 放弃
be used to 习惯于 某事	be ready to do sth. 准备做
thanks to 多亏；由于	because of 由于；因为
thanks for 因……而感谢	
in time 及时（在时间点之前发生）	
on time 准时（掐着点做）	
in the same way 以同样的方式	

句子部分:

1. What's the matter with sb.? 某人怎么了?

matter 事情、问题

What's wrong with sb.?

What's the trouble with sb.?

What's one's trouble?

2. should+V.

表示劝告, 建议; 表示推测; 表示惊讶、赞叹、不满
其它表示意见的句型:

Shall we\I +V.....?

Let's +V.....

What\How about?

You'd better (not) do sth.

Why don't you.....? \Why not.....?

语法现象:

1. 身体部位+ache e.g. stomachache

have a sore+身体部位 e.g. have a sore back

2. too much+不可数名词 too much water

too many+可数名词 too many flowers

much too+形容词 much too beautiful

3. enough +名词 enough rice 或 rice enough

形容词+ enough beautiful enough

4. lie—lay—laid 躺下; lie—lied—lied 撒谎

两者的动名词形式: **lying**

5. see\hear\watch\notice sb. do sth.

表示经常性看见\听见做某事或看见了完整的过程

see\hear\watch\notice doing sth.表示看见\听见正在做某事

6. get on 上车 get off 下车

get into 进入 get out of 出来

7. expect sth. expect to do sth. expect that

8. agree to do sth. 同意做某事

agree with sb. 同意某人 (的观点)

agree on sth. 就某事达成一致

9. sick 表语, 定语 a sick boy; He is sick.

ill 表语 **He is ill.**

10. be used to doing sth. 习惯于做某事

be used to do sth. 被用于做某事

used to do sth. 过去经常做某事

11. die—died—died

dead adj. 死亡的 **dying** adj. 将死的；垂死的 **death** n.
死亡