

专题2 名词

考点 具体语境中名词的使用

真题解密

Carbon dioxide, which makes a _____ between us and the sun, prevents heat from getting out of the atmosphere easily, so the earth is becoming warmer. (2013 湖北, 22)

- A. difference
B. comparison
C. connection
D. barrier

答案 D

解析 句意为：二氧化碳，在我们与太阳之间设置了一道屏障，阻止热量轻易地散发到大气层中，因此地球正变得更暖和。difference 区别，不同；comparison 对比，比较；connection 联系；barrier 障碍，屏障。故选 D 项。

变式训练

Whenever I made mistakes, the teacher pointed them out with _____. (2013 江西, 22)

- A. curiosity
B. satisfaction
C. envy
D. patience

答案 D

解析 本题考查名词词义辨析。curiosity 好奇心；satisfaction 满意；envy 忌妒；patience 耐心。根据句意“每当我犯错的时候，老师总是耐心地指出我的错误”。可知 D 项意义合适。

知识生成

高考对名词的考查，以名词辨析为主，四个选项大多没有任何联系，旨在考查名词在语境中的应用，所以对于名词的辨析题，一要掌握常见的几组名词的区别，二要注意不同名词在具体语境中所表示的特殊含义，三要会从该词的反义词、近义词角度去辨析，四要掌握名词的固定搭配，如 set foot on, find fault with, keep pace with, put an end to 等，这对于解答试题是很重要的。

达标训练

1. Poetry written from the _____ of the urban youth tends to reveal their anxiety over a lack of sense of belonging. (2013 湖北, 21)

- A. perspective
B. priority
C. participation
D. privilege

答案 A

解析 考查名词辨析。句意为：从都市青年的视角写的诗歌倾向于反映他们因为缺乏归属感而产生的焦虑。A 项意为“观点，看法”；B 项意为“优先，优先权”；C 项意为

“参加，参与，分享”；D项意为“特权，优惠”。结合句意可知正确答案为A项。

2. With inspiration from other food cultures, American food culture can take a _____ for the better. (2013'江苏, 33)

A. share B. chance C. turn D. lead

答案 C

解析 句意为：受到了其他饮食文化的启发，美国的饮食文化正朝更好的方向发展。take a share 分担……，为……出力；take a chance 冒险；take a turn 转变，转弯；take a lead 领先，带头。

3. The accident caused some _____ to my car, but it's nothing serious. (2013'辽宁, 23)

A. harm B. injury C. ruin D. damage

答案 D

解析 考查名词辨析。句意为：这次事故对我的车造成一些损伤，但不严重。根据 but it's nothing serious 可知损伤不严重，用 damage 表示可以修复。harm 一般指对人的无形伤害；injury 指对人体部位的挫伤；ruin 指不可修复的严重伤害。

4. While she was in Paris, she developed a _____ for fine art. (2013'天津, 7)

A. way B. relation C. taste D. habit

答案 C

解析 考查名词辨析。句意为：在巴黎期间，她喜欢上了艺术。develop a taste for...意为“养成……爱好；喜欢上；爱上”。way 方法；relation 关系；taste 爱好；habit 习惯。

5. As the world's population continues to grow, the _____ of food becomes more and more of a concern. (2013'浙江, 4)

A. worth B. supply
C. package D. list

答案 B

解析 句意为：随着世界人口持续增长，食品的供应成了人们越来越关心的事情。worth 价值；supply 供应；package 包装；list 名单。根据句意知，B项为正确答案。

6. My first _____ of him was that he was a kind and thoughtful young man. (2012'山东, 24)

A. expression B. attention
C. satisfaction D. impression

答案 D

解析 expression 表情，词语；attention 注意(力)，专心，关注；satisfaction 满意，满足；impression 印象。由题干中的关键信息“he was a kind and thoughtful young man”可推知

这是“我”对他的“印象”。句意为：他给我的第一印象就是，他是一个和善且关心别人的年轻人。

7. —Can I help you with it?

Ð I appreciate your _____, but I can manage it myself. (2012江苏, 21)

- A. advice B. question
C. offer D. idea

答案 C

解析 句意为：——我可以帮你吗？——我感激你主动提供帮助，但我自己能完成。offer 出价，(主动提供)帮助，符合题意。advice 建议，劝告；question 问题；idea 想法，主意。

8. Your _____ as a student will be excellent if you develop a habit of reflecting on how you learn. (2012浙江, 7)

- A. operation B. growth
C. performance D. character

答案 C

解析 句意为：作为一名学生，如果你能够养成对所学的东西进行思考的话，你的成绩会很棒的。performance 成绩，表现，符合句意。operation 操作，手术；growth 增长；character 人物，角色。

9. —Why do you choose to work in an international travel agency?

Ð Well, you know, English is my _____. So it is my best choice. (2012福建, 25)

- A. strength B. talent
C. ability D. skill

答案 A

解析 strength 长处；talent 天赋；ability 能力；skill 技能。句意为：——你为什么选择在家国际旅行社工作？——噢，你知道的，英语是我的强项，所以那是我最好的选择。根据句意可知 A 项最符合。

10. You are working too hard. You' d better keep a _____ between work and relaxation.

(2012天津, 3)

- A. promise B. lead
C. balance D. diary

答案 C

解析 句意为：你工作太努力了。你最好保持工作和休息之间的平衡。keep a balance 保持平衡，符合句意。keep a promise 遵守诺言；lead 带头，领先的地位；diary 日记。

活页练(二) __多项选择+阅读理解+完成句子

I. 多项选择

1. The officer insisted that Michael did not follow the correct _____ in applying for a visa.
(2012 湖北, 30)

A. pattern B. procedure
C. program D. perspective

答案 B

解析 句意为: 这位官员坚持认定 Michael 没有按照正确的程序申请签证。B 项意为“程序”, 符合句意。A 项意为“模式”; C 项意为“节目”; D 项意为“视角”, 都与句意不符。

2. He will come to understand your efforts sooner or later. It's just a matter of _____.
(2012 四川, 15)

A. luck B. value
C. time D. fact

答案 C

解析 本题考查名词辨析。句意为: 他迟早会理解你付出的努力的。这只是时间问题。根据句意选 C。

3. You'd better write down the phone number of that restaurant for future _____.
(2012 江西, 29)

A. purpose B. reference
C. progress D. memory

答案 B

解析 记下电话号码是以备日后参考, for future reference 是字典中的典型表达。

4. There's a _____ in our office that when it's somebody's birthday, they bring in a cake for us all to share.
(2011 山东, 34)

A. tradition B. balance
C. concern D. relationship

答案 A

解析 句意为: 在我们办公室有一个传统, 那就是在某一个人过生日时, 那个人就带一个蛋糕到办公室和大家一起分享。tradition 传统; balance 平衡; concern 关心; relationship 关系。根据句意知选 A。

5. The lack of ecofriendly habits among the public is thought to be a major _____ of global climate change.
(2011 福建, 26)

A. result B. cause

C. warning D. reflection

答案 B

解析 句意为：公众缺乏环境保护的习惯被认为是全球气候变化的一个主要原因。result 结果；cause 起因；warning 警告，告诫；reflection 反映。由语境和句意可知：lack 是原因，change 是结果。故 B 项正确。

6. We have worked out the plan and now we must put it into _____.

A. fact B. reality

C. practice D. deed

答案 C

解析 put...into/in practice 为习惯用语，意思是“把……付诸实施”。

7. The doctor is skilled at treating heart trouble and never accepts any gift from his patients , so he has a very good _____.

A. expectation B. reputation

C. contribution D. civilization

答案 B

解析 expectation 期望；reputation 名声，声望，声誉；contribution 贡献；civilization 文明。结合句意可知答案应为 B 项。

8. He kept sending her presents in an attempt to win her _____.

A. respect B. favor

C. admiration D. pleasure

答案 B

解析 句意为：他不停地送礼物给她，试图获得她的好感。favor 喜爱，宠爱，好感，欢心。

9. Any help from you will be greatly appreciated. Please give me a reply at your earliest _____.

A. convenience B. consideration

C. interruption D. imagination

答案 A

解析 at one's convenience 在某人方便的时候。句意为：你们所提供的任何帮助我们都很感激，请在方便的时候尽早联系我们。

10. It is wellknown that Jinan is _____ its 72 springs.

A. known as B. known to

C. famous for D. famous as

答案 C

解析 句意为：众所周知济南因其 72 泉而闻名。be known as (=be famous as)作为……而出名；be known to 为……所熟知；be famous for 因……而闻名。由句意可知选 C。

II. 阅读理解

A

ADDIS ABABA, Ethiopia — One of the world's most famous fossils (化石) — the 3.2 million-year-old Lucy skeleton (骨骼) unearthed in Ethiopia in 1974 — will go on an exhibition tour abroad for the first time in the United States, officials said Tuesday.

Even the Ethiopian public has only seen Lucy twice. The Lucy on exhibition at the Ethiopian National Museum in the capital, Addis Ababa, is a replica while the real remains are usually locked in a secret storeroom. A team from the Museum of Natural Science in Houston, Texas, spent four years discussing with the Ethiopians for the U. S. tour, which will start in Houston next September.

“Ethiopia's rich culture of both the past and today, is one of the best kept secrets in the world,” said Joel Bartsch, director of the Houston museum.

The six-year tour will also go to Washington, New York, Denver and Chicago. Officials said six other U. S. cities may be on the tour. But they said plans had not yet been worked out. Traveling with Lucy will be 190 other fossils.

Lucy, her name taken from a Beatles song that played in a camp the night of her discovery, is part of the skeleton of what was once a 3-foot-tall apeman (猿人). (2012 大纲全国 II, D)

1. The author writes this text mainly to _____.

- A. introduce a few U. S. museums
- B. describe some research work
- C. discuss the value of an apeman
- D. report a coming event

答案 D

解析 主旨大意题。纵观整篇文章可知，这篇报道主要介绍了将在美国巡回展出世界上最著名的化石之一“Lucy”。故为“报道一件即将到来的事件”。

2. What do the words “a replica” in Paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. A painting of the skeleton.
- B. A photograph of Lucy.
- C. A copy of the skeleton.
- D. A written record of Lucy.

答案 C

解析 词义猜测题。本题可以根据划线词后的“while the real remains are usually locked in a secret storeroom”进行推测。“while”表示转折，所以画线词肯定与“real”语意相反，故答案应为C，意为“一个骨骼的复制品”。A项为“骨骼的画像”；B项为“Lucy的照片”；D项为“Lucy的书面记录”。

3. How many cities has Lucy's U. S. tour plan already included?

A. Four. B. Five. C. Six. D. Eleven.

答案 B

解析 细节理解题。根据文章第二段中的“...which will start in Houston...”和第四段中的“...will also go to Washington, New York, Denver and Chicago.”可知已经确定的展出城市为5个。

4. What was the skeleton named after?

A. An apeman. B. A song.
C. A singer. D. A camp.

答案 B

解析 细节理解题。根据文章最后一段“Lucy, her name taken from a Beatles song...”可知化石的名字来自于甲壳虫乐队的一首歌。

B

The technology is great. Without it we wouldn't have been able to put a man on the moon, explore the ocean's depths or eat microwave sausages. Computers have revolutionized our lives and they have the power to educate and pass on knowledge. But sometimes this power can create more problems than it solves.

Every doctor has had to try their best to calm down patients who've come into their surgery waving an Internet printout, convinced that they have some rare incurable disease, say, throat cancer. The truth is usually far more ordinary, though: they don't have throat cancer, and it's just that their throats are swollen. Being a graduate of the Internet “school” of medicine does not guarantee accurate selfhealthchecks.

One day Mrs. Almond came to my hospital after feeling faint at work. While I took her blood sample and tried to find out what was wrong, she said calmly, “I know what's wrong; I've got throat cancer. I know there's nothing you doctors can do about it and I've just got to wait until the day comes.”

As a matter of routine I ordered a chest Xray. I looked at it and the blood results an hour later. Something wasn't right. “Did your local doctor do an Xray?” I asked. “Oh, I haven't been to the doctor for years,” she replied. “I read about it on a website and the symptoms fitted, so I knew that's what I had.”

However, some of her symptoms, like the severe cough and weight loss, didn't fit with it but she'd just ignored this.

I looked at the Xray again, and more tests confirmed it wasn't the cancer but tuberculosis (肺结核) something that most certainly did need treating, and could be deadly. She was lucky we caught it when we did.

Mrs. Almond went pale when I explained she would have to be on treatment for the next six months to ensure that she was fully recovered. It was certainly a lesson for her. "I'm so embarrassed," she said, shaking her head, as I explained that all the people she had come into close contact with would have to be found out and tested. She listed up to about 20, and then I went to my office to type up my notes. Unexpectedly, the computer was not working, so I had to wait until someone from the IT department came to fix it. Typical. Maybe I should have a microwave sausage while I waited? (2013 湖北, D)

5. Mrs. Almond talked about her illness calmly because _____.

- A. she thought she knew it well
- B. she had purchased medicine online
- C. she graduated from a medical school
- D. she had been treated by local doctors

答案 A

解析 细节理解题。由文章第三段 "...she said calmly, 'I know what's wrong; I've got throat cancer. I know there's nothing you doctors can do about it and I've just got to wait until the day comes.'" 可知答案为 A 项。

6. It was lucky for Mrs. Almond _____.

- A. to have contacted many friends
- B. to have recovered in a short time
- C. to have her assumption confirmed
- D. to have her disease identified in time

答案 D

解析 细节理解题。由文章第六段可知更多的检查表明她得的不是癌症而是肺结核，由最后一句 "She was lucky we caught it when we did." 可知她的病及时发现所以她是幸运的。故正确答案为 D 项。

7. Mrs. Almond said "I'm so embarrassed" (Para.7) because _____.

- A. she had distrusted her close friends
- B. she had caused unnecessary trouble

- C. she had to refuse the doctor' s advice
- D. she had to tell the truth to the doctor

答案 B

解析 推理判断题。由最后一段第三句话“ ‘I’ m so embarrassed, ’ she said, shaking her head, as I explained that all the people she had come into close contact with would have to be found out and tested.” 可推知答案为 B 项。

8. By mentioning the breakdown of the computer, the author probably wants to prove _____.
- A. it’ s a must to take a break at work
 - B. it’ s vital to believe in IT professionals
 - C. it’ s unwise to simply rely on technology
 - D. it’ s a danger to work long hours on computers

答案 C

解析 推理判断题。最后一段中作者提到了电脑出故障了，这与第一段要揭示的主题相呼应，主要证明不能完全依赖科技，故选 C 项。

III.完成句子

1. It wasn’ t long before he realized that he was not fit for that kind of work.(it)
没过多久他就意识到，自己不适合做那种工作。
2. Proper nutrition can help you reduce stress, so can enough sleep and physical exercise.(so)
合理的营养能帮你减压，同样，充足的睡眠和身体锻炼也可以。
3. I’ ve heard that the meeting has been put off till next Tuesday, and I’ m calling to confirm it.(put)
我听说这次会议被推迟到周二了，我想现在打电话确认一下。
4. I can’ t agree more with you.His proposal is the more practical of the two.(practical)
我非常同意你的看法。在这两个方案中，他的更实用。
5. In the two weeks as many as 400 suggestions reached them, some of which were very practical. (reach)
在那两个星期里，他们收到多达 400 份建议，其中有些很实用。