

真题再现

<1>

(2013 湖北, 短文写作)请根据以下提示, 并结合事例, 用英语写一篇短文。

We all know that “sticks and stones may break our bones”, but we should also be aware that words can hurt people, too.

注意: 1. 无须写标题, 不得照抄英语提示语;

2. 除诗歌外, 文体不限;
3. 文中不得透露个人姓名和学校名称;
4. 词数为 120 左右。

参考范文

My deskmate admires my fluent English very much and I usually feel encouraged by his compliments.

One day, when we learned the new word “eccentric” in class, we were asked to make a sentence with it. I volunteered to do it by saying “My deskmate is an eccentric boy whose clothes never fit him.” Hearing this, the whole class burst into laughter and my deskmate’s face turned red. After class, I learned from the teacher that my deskmate would have dropped out of school if he hadn’t been helped by others. My mindless words must have hurt him deeply.

Not until then did I realize words could be powerful in both positive and negative ways. We should avoid hurting others if we can’t always be encouraging when we speak.

<2>

(2012 湖北, 短文写作)请根据以下提示, 并结合事例, 用英语写一篇短文。

You cannot choose what you are given, but you can choose how you make use of it.

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参考范文

Three years ago I failed an important exam in my life and became a student in an ordinary school. Disappointed as I felt at the shabby campus and the poorly equipped classroom, I found the teachers patient and considerate. Besides, I enjoyed the friendly atmosphere in class. I decided

to make the best of it.I worked hard and got along well with my teachers and classmates.Whenever I had difficulties, they were always available.Soon, I became one of the top students in my class, which greatly increased my confidence and got me motivated.

My experience tells me that it is not what you are given but how you make use of it that determines who you are.

<3>

(2011 湖北, 短文写作)请根据以下提示, 结合你校园生活中的一个事例, 就“与人合作”这一话题, 用英语写一篇短文。

Working in groups at school is an opportunity to learn more about teamwork.Teamwork shows us how other people's roles fit the purpose of the group, and it teaches us to be patient and how to respond to different people.

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2. 除诗歌外, 文体不限;
3. 内容必须结合校园生活中的一个事例;
4. 文中不得透露个人姓名和学校名称;
5. 词数为 100 左右。

参考范文

Years of school life has taught me a lot of things, of which teamwork is the most important for me.

In fact, I didn't realize its importance until I was chosen monitor of my class in my senior middle school.At first, I did most of the duties myself while other students cared little about class activities.As a result, I was tired out and depressed.Then I turned to my teacher and he advised me to cooperate with others.Thus I began to recognize the strengths of my classmates and have everyone do their part in class.

It is working in teams instead of on my own that has freed me of trouble and made my work more efficient.

模拟训练

<1>

请根据以下提示, 并结合事例, 用英语写一篇短文。

We all have different study experience.Please tell us about a person who has the greatest effect on your study.

- 注意: ① 无须写标题, 不得照抄英语提示语;
② 除诗歌外, 文体不限;
③ 文中不得透露个人姓名和学校名称;

④ 词数为 120 左右。

参考范文

The person who has the most lasting effect on my study is my English teacher. She is of medium figure and wearing a pair of glasses on her face. She is a hardworking teacher. She is also very kind and often helps other people when they have trouble. She loves and cares for her students very much. She is respected by her students too. She is good at singing and dancing and likes playing table tennis too. This year, she will go to work in a middle school in Sichuan as a volunteer. She will still teach English there and I think the new environment will make her life more meaningful. I love my English teacher.

<2>

请结合以下提示，用英语写一篇短文，分析越来越多人骑自行车的原因。

Nowadays, more and more people choose to ride bicycles. They believe there are many advantages of riding bicycles, such as convenience and benefit to the environment and so on.

注意：① 无需写标题，不得照抄英语提示语；

② 词数 120 左右。

参考范文

Nowadays, there exists an increasingly special phenomenon that bicycles take up the road again.

There are a couple of reasons that produce this phenomenon. Firstly, riding bicycles is the most environmentally friendly. It doesn't have to burn any fuels; nor does it give off any polluted air. Secondly, it is quite convenient. The bicycle can always find its way ahead, even though there is a traffic jam. The bicycle takes the least room to park in, which saves much trouble, especially in big cities. Thirdly, the bicycle costs the least among all means of transport. It costs so little that almost every family can afford to buy one. Finally, by riding bicycles, people can take regular exercise.

<3>

请根据以下提示，并结合事例，用英语写一篇短文。

A person's happiness, not because he has much as possible, but because he was less about.

注意：① 无须写标题，不得照抄英语提示语；

② 除诗歌外，文体不限；

③ 文中不得透露个人姓名和学校名称；

④ 词数为 120 左右。

参考范文

People in modern society live under a lot of pressure from many aspects such as education, career or family. It is important to keep a good mood in your daily life. I'd like to show my own point.

First, to keep a good mood makes everything easier to you. If you are happy, work would not seem to be that hard. You may learn to enjoy the process. Second, for the sake of people around you, you should keep a good mood. If you are very cheerful everyday, you are likely to throw your positive influence upon others who are also faced with different pressure. Just like a shining sun, keeping a good mood enables you to radiate your happiness to everyone around you and then they'll respond to you with an enlightening smile.

32天突破多项选择词汇与完成句子 32天突破多项选择 词汇与完成句子

Day 1

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. **withdrawal** n. 收回, 撤退; 戒毒(脱瘾)过程
2. **prejudice** n. 偏见, 成见
3. **strengthen** v. 加强, 巩固, 使坚强; 变强
4. **accuse** v. 指责, 谴责; 控告, 控诉
5. **let out** 发出; 放走
6. **decide on** 对……作出决定
7. **delicate** adj. 脆弱的, 易生病的; 精致的
8. **allergic** adj. 过敏性的, 对……过敏的
9. **automatically** adv. 无意识地, 自动地
10. **in spite of** 不顾, 尽管

II. 完成句子

1. **What the coach really doubts is whether the athlete will recover from the serious disease soon.**(recover)
教练真正怀疑的是这位运动员是否会很快从严重的疾病中康复。
2. **In reality, you need not have attached importance to that abstract theory.**(attach)
事实上, 你本没有必要看重那个抽象的理论。
3. **Workers of this factory will not be permitted to smoke in the workplace next month.**

(permit)

下个月这个工厂的工人们将不被允许在工作的地方吸烟。

4. **This afternoon, just as I was doing my business, a man (who was) dressed in rags stepped into my shop and begged me for some money.(dress)**

今天下午，正当我在做生意时，一个穿着破烂的人走进了我的商店向我讨钱。

5. **It never occurred to me that you could succeed in persuading him to change his mind.**
(occur)

我从来没想到过你会成功地劝说他改变他的想法。

6. **You can hardly imagine the difficulty the woman had (in) bringing up the children.**
(bring)

你几乎不能想象这位妇女养育孩子的困难。

7. **He speaks English so fluently as if he had studied English in England.(study)**

他的英语讲得如此流利，就好像他在英国学过英语一样。

8. **The road worker (who/whom/that) she came across yesterday turned out to be her long lost brother.(come)**

她昨天遇到的公路工人竟然是她失散多年的弟弟。

9. **In the past, only in country areas did people tend to believe that boys were smarter than girls, which was great prejudice against girls.(tend)**

在过去，只有在乡村地区，人们会觉得男孩比女孩聪明，这对于女孩来说是极大的偏见。

10. **The text is difficult/hard to understand.It needs to be simplified and maybe have an illustrative example.(understand)**

这篇文章很难理解。它需要被简化，可能还需要有示例。

Day 2

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. judgment *n.* 看法, 判决, 判断
2. phenomenon *n.* 现象
3. consume *v.* 消费, 消耗; 耗尽, 吃光
4. acquire *v.* 获得, 取得, 学到
5. appeal to 对……有吸引力, 使……感兴趣; 呼吁, 恳求
6. stick to 坚持
7. aggressive *adj.* 有进取心的; 侵略的; 好斗的
8. fragile *adj.* 精致的; 易碎的; 脆弱的
9. mentally *adv.* 精神上, 智力上

10. on the whole 大体上,基本上

II.完成句子

1. Don't/You don't always refer to the dictionary when you come across a new word. Instead, you may guess the meaning according to the context. (refer)

遇到生词的时候不要总是查词典, 而要根据语境猜测词义。

2. My mother insisted on sending me to the hospital, where/in which/and in hospital I've received good medical treatment these days. (receive)

我妈妈坚持将我送进医院, 这些天我在医院得到了很好的治疗。

3. Though they are worn out, they are practising hard in order to/so as to/to make their dreams come true. (make)

尽管他们很累, 但是为了实现梦想, 他们还在刻苦训练。

4. Not until our program has been/is approved by the department concerned shall we start the reconstruction work. (approve)

直到我们的项目被相关部门批准之后我们才开始重建工作。

5. At that time, as our parents were poor, seldom were we given pocket money. (give)

那时, 因为父母很穷, 我们很少得到零花钱。

6. He pretended to have known everything about the event, while in fact he didn't. (know)

他假装已经知道了这件事情的全部, 实际上他一无所知。

7. Having made sure/After we (had) made sure/After making sure that he was the very man we were expecting, we went over to greet him and took him to our company. (make)

确信他就是我们在等的那个人后, 我们上前迎接他, 把他送到了我们公司。

8. I found a card (which/that was) attached to the book, encouraging me to have confidence in myself. (attach)

我发现这本书中夹着一张卡片, 鼓励我要对自己有信心。

9. How I wish he had told me the truth, but he didn't. (tell)

我真希望他告诉我真相, 可是他没有。

10. As/So long as you are equipped with good knowledge and are practical, I'm sure you'll get a satisfactory job. (equip)

只要你有足够的知识, 并且务实, 我相信你一定能找到一份满意的工作。

Day 3

I.多项选择词汇检测

1. **consequence n.** 结果, 后果, 影响

2. **tendency n.** 倾向, 趋势

3. **refresh v.** 使恢复, 使振作
4. **attract v.** 吸引, 引起注意
5. **put up with** 忍受, 容忍
6. **subscribe to** 同意, 赞成; 订购
7. **visual adj.** 视觉的, 看得见的
8. **fragrant adj.** 香的, 令人愉快的
9. **environmentally adv.** 环境地, 环保地
10. **in other words** 换句话说

II.完成句子

1. **On my way to school, it suddenly occurred to me that I had left my English book at home, so I had to fetch it.(occur)**

在上学的路上, 我突然想起我把英语书忘在家里了, 所以我不得不回去取。

2. **John' s success has nothing to do with good luck.It is years of hard work that has made him what he is today.(make)**

约翰的成功与运气无关, 是多年的努力使他成为现在这样。

3. **Only after he left his home did he begin to know how important the family was for him.(begin)**

只有在他离开家后他才开始知道家庭对他来说是多么重要。

4. **Nobody knows how many years it will be before the Chinese football team enters the final stage of the World Cup.(be)**

没有人知道要过多少年中国足球队才将进入世界杯决赛舞台。

5. **Many old houses are said to have been torn down to make way for the new road in the past few weeks.(tear)**

据说在过去的几个星期为了给这条新路让路, 很多旧房子被拆除。

6. **Everything taken into consideration, the environmental problem is worthy of our government' s attention.(consideration)**

一切考虑进去, 环境问题值得我们政府关注。

7. **A healthy diet should include a variety of food, most (of which is) rich in nutrients. (rich)**

健康饮食应包括多种多样的食物, 其中大部分富含营养。

8. **We all stand firmly at your side, whatever/no matter what happens, my son! (happen)**

我的儿子, 无论发生什么, 我们都坚定地支持你。

9. **At present email, as well as telephones, is playing an important role/part in daily**

communication.(play)

目前电子邮件和电话一样在日常交流中正发挥重大作用。

10. Do you feel like going out for a change or would you rather we two had dinner/supper at home? (have)

你是想出去换换口味还是你宁愿我们俩在家里吃晚饭?

Day 4

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. circumstance *n.* 环境, 情况
2. existence *n.* 生存, 存在
3. approve *v.* 赞成, 批准
4. assess *v.* 评估, 评定
5. come up with 想出(办法、主意), 拿出
6. adapt to 使适合, 使适应
7. contemporary *adj.* 当代的, 同时代的
8. permanent *adj.* 永久的, 持久的
9. economically *adv.* 节约地, 经济地
10. to one's credit 使……值得赞扬; 在……名下

II. 完成句子

1. “Wolf Father”, 47 years old, recently published a book about his fathering technique, which/and it involves beating his children when they break his rules.(involve)
47岁的“狼爸”最近出版了一本书, 讲述了自己的为父之道, 其中包括孩子们一旦违反家规便会挨打。
2. If you don't work hard, it will be of no significance for others to help you.(significance)
假如你不努力工作, 那么别人帮你也将没有任何意义。
3. Experts observe that some parents have created an “I want it now” generation by meeting children's every demand at Christmas.(create)
专家们发现, 有些父母总是满足孩子圣诞节的每个要求, 创造了“现在就要”的一代人。
4. I can still clearly remember having written/writing/(that) I wrote to apply for the parttime job, which was turned down.(write)
我还清楚地记得写信申请这个兼职, 只是被拒绝了。
5. It happened at 8 yesterday evening, when the meeting/conference had just begun.(begin)
这件事发生在昨天晚上八点, 当时会议刚开始。
6. Hardly had he stepped into the office when he sensed something wrong.(step)
他刚走进办公室就觉察到有点不对劲。

- 7 . He remarked that he was not at the scene of the accident when it happened , about/of which I was skeptical 或 which I was skeptical about/of 或 but I was skeptical about/of it.(skeptical)
他说事故发生的时候他不在现场，对此我表示怀疑。
8. As a journalist, he is drawing people' s attention to the problem of driving after drinking.
(draw)
作为一个记者，他正把人们的注意力引向酒后驾车的问题。
9. Half an hour later, my father will be waiting to pick me up at the airport.(pick)
半个小时之后，我爸爸将在机场等着接我。
10. To tell you the truth, your being overweight will eventually contribute to your heart attack.
(overweight)
说实话，你的肥胖终究会导致心脏疾病的。

Day 5

I .多项选择词汇检测

1. **appliance n.** 用具，工具，器具
2. **contribution n.** 贡献
3. **challenge v.** 向……挑战
4. **conclude v.** 结束；推断出
5. **try out** 测试，试验
6. **concentrate on** 集中，全神贯注于
7. **concrete adj.** 具体的
8. **contradictory adj.** 引起矛盾的，好反驳的
9. **casually adv.** 随便地，漫不经心地，偶然地
10. **out of breath** 上气不接下气

II .完成句子

1. **What a pity! We could have done better but there was a sudden power failure.**(do)
真遗憾！我们本来可以做得更好的，可是却突然停电了。
2. **Poor as he was, he was honest.**(as)
他虽然穷，但是很诚实。
3. **Personally, I don' t think it worthwhile for them/(that) it is worthwhile for them to spend all the savings on this trip.I' ll persuade them to give up the plan.**(worthwhile)
我个人认为他们把所有积蓄都花在这次旅行上不值得，我会说服他们放弃这个计划。
- 4 . **Are you in favor of the suggestion (which/that) Peter put forward/put forward by Peter?** (put)

你同意彼得提出的建议吗？

5. **If I had taken/Had I taken my umbrella with me when I came out this morning , I would not be wet now.(take)**

如果我早上出门带了雨伞，现在就不会淋湿。

6. **I was about to give up when an idea occurred to me that I could work with my roommate Tim.(occur)**

正打算放弃时，我突然想到我可以和我的室友 Tim 一块干。

7. **We are glad to see the efforts we have devoted to protecting the environment in the past ten years are paying off at last.(devote)**

我们很高兴看到在过去十年里投入到保护环境的努力最后得到了回报。

8. **What you should do is to choose a company to invest in.(do)**

你该做的是去选择一个公司投资。

9. **We can guarantee that he' ll keep his word.(word)**

我们能担保他会遵守诺言。

10. **It was by cutting down the cost that the factory made some money and got out of debt in the end.(cut)**

正是通过削减成本，那家工厂才赚得一些钱并最终摆脱了债务。

Day 6

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. coincidence *n.* 巧合；(意见等)相符，一致
2. sponsor *n.* 赞助人，提倡者
3. contribute *v.* 捐献，贡献
4. expose *v.* 暴露于，揭露
5. depend on 依靠，依赖，取决于
6. leave out 省去，遗漏；不考虑
7. flexible *adj.* 灵活的，可弯曲的；柔顺的
8. appropriate *adj.* 适当的，正当的
9. absolutely *adv.* 绝对地，完全地
10. in advance 事先，提前

II. 完成句子

1. As Albert Einstein said, “In the middle of difficulty lie chances/opportunities.” (lie)
正如阿尔伯特·爱因斯坦所说，“机会蕴藏在困难之中”。
2. The better prepared you are for the performance , the less possible it will be for you to suffer from a stage fright.(possible)

你为表演准备得越充分，怯场的可能性就会越小。

3. Why haven't you taken it down? I think you weren't listening at all when I asked you to.
(listen)

你为什么没有做笔记？我认为你当时根本没听我的话。

4. Chinese writer Mo Yan, winner of the 2012 Nobel Prize for Literature, said it was telling stories that earned him the prize.(earn)

中国作家——诺贝尔文学奖得主莫言说正是讲故事使他赢得此奖。

5. *The Bride With White Hair*, (which was) adapted from Liang Yusheng's novel of the same title, enjoyed a great success.(adapt)

由梁羽生的同名小说改编的《新白发魔女传》享有很大的成功。

6. When the golden rice incident was exposed, people criticized that they shouldn't have tried it out on children.(try)

当黄金大米事件被曝光时，人们批评说他们不应该在孩子身上实验这种大米。

7. In order not to be disturbed, he spent a whole afternoon locked in his study working on his essay.(lock)

为了不被打扰，他将自己锁在书房里写了整整一下午的论文。

8. Being occupied with work should be no reason for treating one's neighbors as strangers.
(occupy)

工作繁忙不应该成为“对面不相识”的借口。

9. The development of technology has made it easier for people to get in touch with each other.
(make)

技术的发展已经使人们彼此之间取得联系更容易。

10. Nowadays young people just can't live without the Internet; they depend on it for whatever information they need.(need)

如今的年轻人离开网络就无法生活，不管他们需要什么信息，他们都依靠它来获取。

Day 7

I.多项选择词汇检测

1. **presentation n.** 显示, 演出
2. **disagreement n.** 分歧, 不一致
3. **appoint v.** 任命, 委派
4. **evaluate v.** 评估, 评价, 估计
5. **put forward** 提出
6. **speed up** 加速
7. **blank adj.** 空白的, 茫然的

8. **addicted** adj. 入迷的, 上瘾的
9. **considerately** adv. 考虑周全地
10. **in a word** 总而言之

II. 完成句子

1. **At that time, I was convinced that people went in for the animalshaped hats very much in that particular winter.(convince)**
那时我相信, 在那个特别的冬天, 人们对动物造型的帽子很感兴趣。
2. **This book, (which was meant for high school students, became a hit after its publication.(mean)**
这本书的读者群是中學生, 出版之后很受欢迎。
3. **It has worried Tom's mother that he is always working late at night.(work)**
汤姆总是工作到深夜, 这让他的妈妈很担心。
4. **Always comparing his (own) disadvantages/weaknesses with the advantages of others may account for the fact that he's always unhappy.(compare)**
总拿自己的弱势与别人的强势相比, 或许是他不快乐的原因。
5. **As is known to all, by no means can anyone/anybody have/get/gain access to the lab without Mr.Jackson's permission.(access)**
大家都知道, 没有杰克逊先生的允许, 任何人都不可以进入实验室。
6. **The other day I was told by telephone that I had won the first prize, so I called to confirm it.(win)**
前几天通过电话我被告知获得了一等奖, 于是我打电话过去确认。
7. **Seeing that everything was dealt with properly, I walked away with satisfaction.(deal)**
看到一切都处理得很得当, 我满意地走了。
8. **As winter is approaching, different tastes of hot pot are becoming more and more popular with the local people.(approach)**
冬天即将到来, 各种风味的火锅越来越受当地人的欢迎。
9. **He was too busy helping himself to the nice food to keep an eye/his eyes on his younger sister.(keep)**
他忙着享受那些美食, 顾不上照看妹妹。
10. **I have just finished the report, and am going to/will/shall look through it, as it's due tomorrow.(look)**
我刚把报告写完, 现在准备浏览一遍, 因为报告明天就要交了。

Day 8

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. potential *n.* 潜在性, 潜能, 可能性
2. ambition *n.* 雄心, 野心
3. conduct *v.* 指挥, 管理
4. process *v.* 加工, 处理
5. sit around 闲坐
6. take up 拿起; 接受; 开始; 占据
7. accustomed *adj.* 习惯了的
8. renewable *adj.* 能再生的, 可更新的
9. psychologically *adv.* 心理(学)地, 精神上地
10. at ease 舒适, 快活, 自由自在

II. 完成句子

1. When first introduced into the market, these products were widely accepted by consumers.
(introduce)
当初次被介绍到市场上时, 这些产品获得了极大的成功。
2. He made it clear that he could solve the problem by himself.(solve)
他说得很明白, 他自己能解决这个问题。
3. The manager insisted that we (should) break away from the companies who had done something that hurt our feelings.(break)
经理坚持要求我们与那些做了伤害我们感情的公司决裂。
4. By no means can/will/should you tell a lie/lies before your parents.(tell)
你绝对不能在父母面前说谎。
5. When you get the paper back, pay special attention to what have been marked.(mark)
当你拿回试卷时, 一定要特别注意那些被批改的地方。
6. She is proud of her two sons, the younger of whom is now studying in the US.(young)
她为她的两个儿子感到自豪, 其中年龄小的那个现在正在美国学习。
7. It is those who are willing to give rather than receive that deserve to be respected.(deserve)
是那些愿意付出不愿获取的人应该得到尊重。
8. Since 1978, great changes have taken place in this small village.(take)
自从1978年以来, 这个小村庄发生了巨大的变化。
9. She had hardly finished her homework when her mother asked her to practice playing the piano yesterday.(hardly)
昨天她一完成作业, 她妈妈就叫她练习弹钢琴。
10. He knows so much about this problem! He must have referred to a lot of books.(refer)
关于这个问题他知道得这么多, 他一定是查阅了大量的书籍。

Day 9

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. **absence** n. 缺席, 不在场
2. **annoyance** n. 烦恼
3. **abolish** v. 废除, 废止
4. **approach** v. 接近, 靠近
5. **build up** 建立, 开发; 逐渐增强
6. **carry on** 继续, 坚持
7. **random** adj. 胡乱的, 任意的, 随机的
8. **widespread** adj. 分布广泛的, 普遍的
9. **particularly** adv. 特别地, 特殊地
10. **in charge of** 负责, 掌管

II. 完成句子

1. As to whether he can make a difference later in life, it's impossible for me to **decide.**(**difference**)
至于他将来是否能有所作为, 不可能由我来决定。
2. Permit me to lead the way, sir, and pretty soon you'll see Mr. Smith in his study.
(**permit**)
先生, 如果你允许我给你领路, 那么你很快就能在书房见到史密斯先生。
3. I learned English/used to learn English for three years. Now I hope to find an English pen friend to improve my English.(**learn**)
我曾经学过 3 年的英语。现在我希望找个英语笔友来提高我的英语水平。
4. Being turned down/That she was turned down again was a big blow to Stella, who **fell into great depression.**(**turn**)
再次被拒绝对 Stella 来说是一个打击, 她感到很沮丧。
5. As a workaholic, David never seems to get tired of working in front of the computer.
(**get**)
大卫是个工作狂, 他似乎从来不厌倦在电脑前工作。
6. I don't like Linda's way of talking. She talked as if she were in charge of the project.
(**charge**)
我不喜欢琳达说话的方式, 她说起话来好像她在负责这个项目似的。
7. The old woman sat alone in the room, with her eyes fixed on a picture on the wall.(**fix**)
那位老太太独自一人坐在房间里, 眼睛盯着墙上的一幅画。
- 8 . Yesterday I attended a lecture by Professor

Wang, whose/and his experiences impressed me greatly.(impress)

我昨天听了王教授的讲座。他的经历给我留下了深刻的印象。

9. You cannot/couldn't have handed in your homework yesterday, as you were absent.
(hand)

你昨天不可能交作业，因为你没来上学。

10. Not only did they study all the subjects required to be an astronaut, but also learnt survival skills.(study)

他们不仅学习作为一名宇航员所要求学习的所有学科，而且还学习生存技巧。

Day 10

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. appreciation *n.* 欣赏；感激，感谢
2. anxiety *n.* 焦虑，担心；渴望
3. guarantee *v.* 保证，担保
4. resign *v.* 辞职，辞去(工作、职务等)；
听任
5. break up 打碎；分裂，解体
6. glance through 匆匆看一遍
7. precious *adj.* 贵重的，珍贵的
8. diverse *adj.* 多种多样的，不同的
9. universally *adv.* 通用地，普遍地
10. in search of 寻找，搜寻

II. 完成句子

1. It was the second time that he had been nominated but gone home emptyhanded.(nominate)
这是他第二次被提名但是空手而回了。
2. Widely considered as/to be the greatest photographer in the world, Neil has worked with *Time* magazine for ten years.(consider)
尼尔为《时代》杂志工作了十年，他被普遍认为是世界上最伟大的摄影师。
3. With his dream coming true, his family continues to support him in every way.(come)
尽管他实现了他的梦想，但他的家庭继续在各个方面支持他。
4. Do you know why it was that your parents chose to settle down in this city? (why)
你知道你父母为什么选择在这座城市定居吗？
5. I ought to have carried an umbrella with me when I left home this morning, for it's raining so hard now.(carry)
我今天上午离开家时应该随身带把伞的，因为现在雨下得很大。

6. The more anxious we feel, the less clearly we think.(anxious)
我们越感到焦虑，我们的思维越不清晰。
7. The professor has been so devoted to his work that he often misses the time for lunch.
(devote)
这名教授工作如此投入，以致于经常错过午饭时间。
8. It is surprising/a surprise that the leaders of the company have not raised the issue so far.
(surprise)
让人惊讶的是，至今为止，这家公司的领导没有提出这个问题。
9. People's awareness of wildlife protection should be raised and only with the participation of the whole of society can wild animals survive.(survive)
人们保护野生动物的意识应该提高，并且也只有整个社会的参与野生动物才能生存下去。
10. So loudly did he speak that even the people in the next room could hear him.(speak)
他说话的声音很大，甚至连隔壁屋子里的人都听得见。

Day 11

I .多项选择词汇检测

1. **approval n.** 赞成，认可
2. **profit n.** 利润，收益，盈利
3. **resist v.** 抵抗，对抗，抵制
4. **attach v.** 附加，系上
5. **meet with** 遇到，经历，会晤
6. **test out** 实验，考验
7. **unconscious adj.** 失去知觉的，未察觉的；无意识的
8. **awkward adj.** 笨拙的；尴尬的；棘手的
9. **personally adv.** 就个人而言，亲自
10. **in relief** 如释重负，松了口气

II .完成句子

1. **When I passed by his classroom, he was giving out the test papers to his students.(give)**
我路过他的教室时，他正给学生分发试卷。
2. **I won't bother to know whether/if he will make the most of the chance.(most)**
我懒得理睬他是否将充分利用这个机会。
3. **Because he had been addicted to cigarettes for too long, he knew it would be tough for him to get rid of them.(addict)**
因为染上烟瘾的时间太长，他知道自己戒烟会很艰难。

4. **By the time you come, most of our work will have been finished.(finish)**

等你来时，我们的大部分工作将已经完成了。

5. **We were astonished to find the plan (that/which was) considered (to be) impractical proved to be a success.(consider)**

我们惊讶地发现，被认为不实用的那个计划实际上很成功。

6. **Out rushed the children the moment they heard the bell indicating the end of class. (rush)**

一听见下课铃声，孩子们就跑出了教室。

7. **Taobao is Asia's largest retail network platform, where/and in the/this place people can buy and sell many kinds of things. (can)**

淘宝是亚洲最大的网络零售平台，人们在这里能够买卖很多种商品。

8. **The shop owner promised me that he would inform me (of/about it) as soon as the brand of mobile phone became available.(inform)**

店主向我保证，这款手机一到货就会通知我。

9. **Actually, you shouldn't/oughtn't to have put up with this kind of mistake.(put)**

实际上，你本不该容忍这种错误。

10. **I'd rather you took over the job now, in which case I can have more time to devote to my study.(take)**

我宁可你现在就接管这项工作，这样我就能有更多的时间来学习。

Day 12

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. bonus *n.* 额外津贴, 奖金, 红利
2. sympathy *n.* 同情(心)
3. accompany *v.* 陪伴, 伴奏
4. bargain *v.* 过价还价, 讲条件
5. ring up 给……打电话
6. turn around 转身, 回转, 扭转
7. beneficial *adj.* 有益的, 受益的
8. absurd *adj.* 荒谬的, 可笑的
9. approximately *adv.* 接近, 大约
10. by accident 偶然, 无意地

II. 完成句子

1. It was at a Christmas party that I made the acquaintance of my American friend Jack.

(acquaintance)

我是在一次圣诞晚会上认识我的美国朋友杰克的。

2. Obama won his reelection on November 7, 2012, which was the second time that he had been elected as president of the United States. (elect)

奥巴马在2012年11月7日赢得了总统连任，这是他第二次当选为美国总统。

3. Not until midnight did Mary fall asleep last night because of too much homework. (until)

由于作业太多，玛丽昨晚直到午夜时分才入睡。

4. That he was caught cheating/His being caught cheating in the exam made his head teacher very angry. (catch)

他被抓住考试作弊，使班主任很生气。

5. How time flies! It will be less than 6 months before we graduate from high school. (graduate)

时间过得真快！还有不到6个月的时间我们就要高中毕业了。

6. Our city government has approved the proposal that the new traffic regulations (should) be carried out from January 1, 2013. (carry)

我们市政府已经批准了从2013年1月1日起实施新的交通法规的提议。

7. It was a pity that the book to which she attached significance should not have attracted her students' attention. (significance)

遗憾的是，她认为有意义的那本书竟然没有引起学生们的重视。

8. Owing to the guard's carelessness, the thief was lucky to escape, otherwise he could not have got away with stealing so many valuable things. (get)

由于保安的疏忽大意小偷侥幸逃脱，否则的话他不可能偷走那么多贵重物品。

9. The mountain village having been cut off from the outside for a long time, the villagers here are still living a primitive and quiet life. (cut)

这个山村长期与外界隔绝，村民们仍然过着原始宁静的生活。

10. Abandoned to playing/Abandoning himself to playing computer games, Wang Ping has fallen behind the other students in his study. (abandon)

沉溺于玩电脑游戏，王平的学习掉队了。

Day 13

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. **favor n.** 喜爱；恩惠；赞同
2. **affection n.** 喜爱，爱，感情
3. **confirm v.** 证实，批准，确认
4. **explore v.** 探索，探测

5. **leave...alone** 不管, 别惹, 让……一个人待着
6. **set aside** 将……放在一边, 为……节省
或保留(钱或时间)
7. **adequate adj.** 足够的, 充足的
8. **accessible adj.** 可使用的, 可进入的, 可接近的
9. **theoretically adv.** 理论上地, 假设地
10. **in all** 一共, 总共

II.完成句子

- 1 . **Part of the reason (why he is absent) is , I think, that he may not have been informed of the meeting.(inform)**
我想, 他没来的部分原因是他可能还不知道要开会。
2. **I' m glad that you have managed to turn up at the party, but you needn' t have brought wine, as we' ve got plenty of it.(turn)**
你能设法来参加这个聚会我很高兴。不过, 你没必要带酒来, 因为我们的酒水足够了。
3. **He was on the point of hanging up when he heard his name called.(hear)**
他正准备挂掉电话的时候, 突然听见有人叫他的名字。
4. **I' m really fed up with rainy days.If only it stopped raining now! (stop)**
我真的厌倦阴雨天。要是现在雨停了多好啊!
5. **Ever since the advanced equipment was brought in , the output of the factory this year is twice as big as that of 4 years ago.(big)**
自从引进了先进设备后, 这家工厂今年的产量是4年前的2倍。
6. **Be careful when washing those glasses! I don' t want them to be broken.(break)**
你洗那些玻璃杯子的时候要小心, 我可不想它们被弄碎。
7. **Not until I switched on the light was I aware that something must have happened. (aware)**
直到我打开灯, 我才意识到一定发生了什么事。
- 8 . **Having been explained/After the problem was explained/After being explained repeatedly, the problem still appeared difficult in their eyes.(explain)**
这个问题已经解释过多次, 可是他们依然觉得很难。
9. **There' s a possibility that the majority of the labor force will work at home in the future.(there)**
将来大多数劳动力很可能都将在家里办公。
- 10 . **Suspected of cheating/Because/As/Since he was suspected of cheating in the exam, Tom was called to the teacher' s office.(suspect)**

汤姆被怀疑考试时作弊，因此被叫到老师的办公室。

Day 14

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. imagination *n.* 想象力, 创造力
2. assessment *n.* 评价, 评定
3. witness *vt.* 当场见到, 目击
4. abandon *v.* 放弃, 遗弃, 抛弃
5. be bound to 一定会……
6. help out 帮助摆脱困境
7. elegant *adj.* 优雅的, 高雅的, 讲究的
8. opposite *adj.* 相对的, 相反的
9. briefly *adv.* 简单地, 扼要地
10. in the meantime 在此期间, 与此同时

II. 完成句子

1. The company produces a lot of mobile phones annually, and two thirds of them are sold to Hongkong.(sell)
这家公司每年生产很多手机，其中三分之二出售给香港。
2. How many years ago was it that he graduated from college? (how)
他到底是多少年前大学毕业的？
3. What a pity! Considering his ability and experience, he could have done better.(do)
多么可惜啊！考虑到他的能力和经验，他本可以做得更好的。
4. Petrol running out, they had to take a taxi home.(run)
汽油已经没了，他们只好打车回家。
5. In/Under no circumstances can we betray our country.(circumstance)
在任何情况下我们都不能背叛自己的祖国。
6. Yesterday news came from the school office that he had been admitted to/into Wuhan University.(admit)
昨天，来自学校办公室的消息说他已被武汉大学录取了。
7. Tired as he was, he managed to finish the work ahead of schedule.(as)
尽管他很累，但还是提前完成了这项工作。
8. Those who are not content with the progress they have made will have greater success.
(content)
那些不满足于自己所取得的进步的人将会取得更大的成功。
9. How disappointed he was when he heard that he was rejected by the Students' Union!

(disappoint)

当他听说他没被学生会录取时，他是多么失望啊！

10. The more he insisted he was innocent, the less convincing they seemed to believe him.

(seem)

他越坚称自己无辜，他们似乎越不相信他。

Day 15

I .多项选择词汇检测

1. **accommodation n.** 住所, 住处
2. **conservation n.** 保存, 保护
3. **reflect v.** 思考; 映射, 反射
4. **refund v.** 退还, 偿还
5. **be aware of** 对……明白、知道; 意识到
6. **deal with** 处理, 对付
7. **awesome adj.** 使人畏惧的, 令人敬畏的
8. **artificial adj.** 人造的, 假的
9. **logically adv.** 逻辑地, 有条理地
10. **in return** 作为报答, 作为回报

II .完成句子

1. I' m sorry if I haven' t made clear/if I didn' t make clear what I should plan to do next.(make)

假如我没有说清楚我下一步应该做什么，那么我非常抱歉。

2. **By the time he joined us, we had been working on the program for almost a month.**
(work)

等他加入我们行列的时候，我们这个项目已经进行了几乎一个月了。

3. **There are times when we are required to work with others to finish a task.**(require)

很多时候，我们需要与别人一起工作去完成一项任务。

4. **Actually, it was not until I was appointed to be in charge of the research team that I was aware of the importance of teamwork.**(aware)

实际上，直到我被指定负责这个研究小组的时候我才意识到团队合作的重要性。

5. **The newspaper covers the current events from home and abroad, which provides us with an access to the world.**(provide)

这份报纸登载了发生在国内外的大事，给我们提供了了解外面世界的渠道。

6. **One day, so tired did I feel after waking up that I knew I had to do something to have my life changed.**(feel)

有一天，我醒来后觉得如此疲倦，以致于我意识到该改变自己的生活了。

7. Greatly annoyed at/about the comments he made on my composition, I decided to keep away from him.(annoy)

他对我这篇作文的评论使我很恼火，我决定对他避而远之。

8. He has made many corrections to my composition. Apparently he must have looked through it thoroughly.(look)

他对我的作文做了很多批改，由此可见他肯定仔细浏览了我的作文。

9. The Smiths are moving to another city, so they are selling their house.(sell)

史密斯一家要搬到另外一个城市去，因此他们在出售自己的房子。

10. I would/could/might have adopted a more flexible approach to the problem but for his words.(adopt)

要不是他说的那些话，我本来是要采用一种更灵活的方法来处理这个问题的。

Day 16

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. boundary *n.* 界限, 分界线
2. pension *n.* 养老金, 退休金
3. adjust *v.* 调整, 使适合
4. recommend *v.* 推荐, 建议
5. dry out 干透, 完全变干
6. dry up 干枯
7. relevant *adj.* 有关的, 切题的
8. sensitive *adj.* 敏感的, 灵敏的
9. otherwise *adv.* 用别的方法, 在其他方面, 另外
10. on purpose 故意

II. 完成句子

1. Never would/could/might he have realized his potential had it not been for the teacher's encouraging him to meet the new challenge.(potential)
要不是老师鼓励他迎接新的挑战，他永远也不会意识到自己的潜力。
2. You may depend on it that I can/will persuade him to join us in the activity.(persuade)
你尽管放心好了，我会说服他参加我们的活动的。
3. I have been/got stuck in this difficult situation for the last couple of days and I must find a way out.(stick)
过去的几天我被这个困境弄得一筹莫展，我得想办法改变。
4. Look out for the fire, or you may get burnt.(look)

小心火烛，不然你会被烧伤的。

5. Having thought carefully/After thinking carefully/After I thought carefully, I have found that many Internet rumors just don't make sense.(think)

仔细考虑之后，我发现网上很多流言都站不住脚。

6. An English businessman bought and ate a dessert for £ 22,000 to cheer himself up after he broke up with his girlfriend.(cheer)

一位英国商人在和女友分手后，为了使自己开心，花 2.2 万英镑买了一块甜点并把它吃了。

7. Recently the Chinese character “控”， a word that/which means "control"/meaning "control" in general, has been selected as the 2011 character of the year in China.(mean)

近来，一般作“控制”讲的“控”字被选为中国 2011 年年度汉字。

8. She should/ought to have informed us that she couldn't make it to the meeting.(inform)

她本该告诉我们她不能来开会的。

9. The building around the corner caught fire last night.The police are looking into the cause now.(look)

拐角那边的楼房昨天晚上失火了，警察正在调查原因。

10. He was about to leave the hall when someone/somebody approached him.(approach)

他正准备离开大厅，突然有个人向他走过来。

Day 17

I .多项选择词汇检测

1. **privilege n.** 特权，特别优待
2. **arrangement n.** 安排，排列
3. **donate v.** 捐赠
4. **purchase v.** 购买
5. **pack up** 打包
6. **turn to** 求助于；翻到，转向；变成
7. **reliable adj.** 可信赖的，可靠的
8. **voluntary adj.** 自愿的，志愿的，无偿的
9. **gradually adv.** 逐渐地，逐步地
10. **in need** 需要，在困难中，在危机中

II .完成句子

1. The minute the shopping mall opens , the customers came crowding in/crowding into it.(crowd)

购物中心一开业，顾客们便蜂拥而入。

2. **Mary never misses a chance when it comes to acting/performing/performance.(come)**
谈到表演，玛丽从不错过任何机会。
3. **. According to the new traffic regulations , under no circumstances is drunk driving permitted.(permit)**
根据新交通法规，醉驾是决不允许的。
4. **What impressed us most/best about the city was its traditional culture and modern architecture.(impress)**
这个城市给我们印象最深的是她的传统文化和现代建筑风格。
5. **With the population increasing in this city , it is suggested that a new water supply plant be built up, with the government to provide money/fund (for it). (provide)**
由于人口不断增长，建议在这个城市建一个新供水厂，资金将由政府提供。
6. **An order came that all the vehicles having seven or fewer seats (should) not be charged/(should) be free of charge on the highway during the eight-day holiday.(charge)**
传来指令说，八天假期中七个座位以内的汽车免收高速路费。
7. **You could have entered a better college , but you have wasted much precious time in the past three years.(waste)**
你完全可以上个好大学的，但三年来你浪费了很多宝贵时间。
8. **Finally , we climbed up the mountain, on top of which/on whose top/at the top of which lies an old temple.(top)**
我们最后爬上了山顶，山顶上有座旧寺庙。
9. **—How do you find it to travel by air?**
Ⓐ Fast, convenient and comfortable.(find)
Ⓑ 你认为乘飞机旅行如何?
Ⓒ 快捷、方便、舒适。
10. **I feel it is the absentminded driver who/that is to blame for the traffic accident. (blame)**

我认为是那个心不在焉的司机应为这起交通事故负责。

Day 18

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. supplement *n.* 增补的事物，补充；附录，增刊
2. qualification *n.* 资格，资历
3. distribute *v.* 分配；分发

4. operate v. 工作, 运转; 操作
5. fit in 相适应, 相融合
6. live on 继续存在, 继续生存; 以
食……为生
7. financial *adj.* 财务的, 金融的, 财政的
8. easygoing *adj.* 随和的, 宽容的
9. therefore *adv.* 因此, 所以
10. by means of 用……办法, 借助于……

II.完成句子

1. I don' t know where I can have a satisfactory meal , because I' m not familiar with the surroundings of the school.(have)
我不知道在哪里能吃到满意的饭菜, 因为我对学校周围的环境不熟悉。
2. A survey has revealed that as many as 51.9 percent of primary school students hate being urged to do things by their mothers.(urge)
一项调查显示, 多达 51.9%的小学生讨厌被妈妈催促着去做事情。
3. Developing countries still have a long way to go in economic development compared with/to developed countries.(compare)
与发达国家相比, 发展中国家在经济发展方面还有很长的路要走。
4. The overall development of a student is what/the thing (that) we should/ought to attach (great) importance/significance to.
(attach)
学生的全面发展是我们应该重视的事。
5. We must know how we should behave to avoid leaving a bad impression on others in the public place.(leave)
我们必须知道在公共场合该如何表现, 以避免给别人留下不好的印象。
6. It was such a cold day that they had to put on more clothes.(put)
天太冷了, 他们不得不多穿衣服。
7. It' s absurd that you should have blamed her for helping others.(blame)
你竟然因为她帮助别人而责备她, 这太荒唐了。
8. I' m sorry I didn' t get well prepared yesterday.It never struck me that you were going to/would take everything so seriously.(take)
对不起, 我昨天没有准备好。我没想到你会这么认真。
9. Be confident ! You should know it is how a man thinks of himself that determines his fate.
(determine)

自信点！你应该知道，决定一个人命运的是如何看待自己。

10. Not a sound did I dare to make when I saw him deeply absorbed in his work.(dare)
当我看见他工作很入迷的时候，我不敢发出一点声音。

Day 19

I .多项选择词汇检测

1. **destination** n. 目的地
2. **distinction** n. 差别，区别； 卓著
3. **substitute** v. 用……代替
4. **acknowledge** v. 承认，确认； 答谢
5. **be occupied with** 忙于……
6. **settle in** 安顿下来
7. **abundant** adj. 丰富的，充裕的
8. **significant** adj. 有意义的，重要的
9. **throughout** adv. 到处，始终，遍及
10. **out of the question** 不可能的，不值得讨论的

II .完成句子

1. **When his mother came home from work , he was lying on the sofa , absorbed in his book.(absorb)**
母亲下班回家的时候，他正躺在沙发上专心致志地看书。
2. **I think that it is I rather than my sister that/who am to blame for what has happened. (blame)**
我认为发生的这件事不能怪姐姐而应该怪我。
3. **Hardly had we declared the sports meeting open when the rain began to pour down. (declare)**
我们一宣布运动会开幕，天就开始下起大雨来了。
4. **It was not until then that I suddenly realized nobody was happier than I was.(until)**
直到那时我才突然意识到没有人比我更开心。
5. **But for your timely encouragement , I would have lost heart after going through so much difficulty.(lose)**
要不是你及时鼓励，经历这么多的困难之后我早就灰心了。
6. **I developed very slowly and it took nearly two hundred years before I was built as an analytical machine by Charles Babbage.(take)**
我发展缓慢，差不多花了两百年的时间查尔斯·巴比奇才把我制成了一台分析机。
7. **My friend dreamed of earning a big sum from the stock market**

with which he could start/with which to start his own business.(start)

我的朋友梦想着在股票市场赚一大笔钱，他可以用来自己创业。

8. **As is stressed in the government report, teenagers' education decides a country' s future.(stress)**

正如政府工作报告中强调的那样，青少年的教育决定着国家的未来。

9. **I was very nervous because it was the first time that I had been invited to (attend) an opening banquet.(invite)**

我很紧张，因为这是我第一次受邀参加开幕盛宴。

10. **What many scientists believe is that the continuing presence of water allows the earth to dissolve harmful gases and acids into the oceans and seas.(believe)**

很多科学家相信，由于地球上长期有水存在，使地球得以把有害气体和酸性物质溶解在海洋里。

Day 20

I .多项选择词汇检测

1. enterprise *n.* 公司；事业(心)
2. minority *n.* 少数，少数人
3. contradict *v.* 反驳，驳斥
4. applaud *v.* 鼓掌欢迎，赞赏
5. keep up 坚持，维持；沿袭(风俗、传统)
6. date back 追溯到
7. optional *adj.* 可选的，随意的
8. parallel *adj.* 平行的，相同的，类似的
9. systematically *adv.* 有条理地，有系统地
10. in general 总的来说，通常

II .完成句子

- 1 . Sadly , the boss simply took no notice of my suggestion that we (should) put an ad/advert/advertisement in the local newspaper for our latest product.(put)

我建议将我们的最新产品在报纸上做广告，不幸的是，老板对此根本就不理睬。

2. The doctor advised that I (should) give up smoking for the sake of my own health.(give)

医生建议我戒烟以保持身体健康。

3. Not having (a) good command of English can be a serious obstacle when you apply for a job.(command)

英语知识掌握得不好，这对于你找工作可能是一个很严重的障碍。

4. It's likely that she will be absent from punishment, as the teacher is/has been convinced of her excuse.(convince)
她可能会免受处罚，因为老师相信了她的借口。
5. In the last decade he has been exploring his potential to have it fully developed.(explore)
过去的10年他一直在探寻自己的潜能，以期能充分发展。
6. Hurry up, or we'll be late.I'm afraid you won't have time to get changed.(get)
快点，不然我们会迟到的，恐怕你没时间换衣服了。
7. We needn't have hurried all the way to the airport the flight was called off because of the big fog.(hurry)
我们本来没必要急忙赶到机场的——因为大雾，航班被取消了。
8. Never before have I had a taste of/have I tasted such delicious food.(taste)
我以前从来没吃过这么美味的食物。
9. I met Tom the other day.It was the first time that we had seen each other since we graduated from the university.(graduate)
前几天我遇到汤姆了。这是我们自大学毕业之后第一次见面。
10. When I came to the door, I was astonished that my wife as well as some local officials was waiting to pick me up at the exit.(pick)
我到门口的时候惊讶地发现，我妻子，还有几个当地的官员都在出口处等着接我。

Day 21

I.多项选择词汇检测

1. **percentage n.** 百分比，百分率
2. **applicant n.** 申请人
3. **delete v.** 删除
4. **accelerate v.** 加速，促进
5. **take in** 吸收，包括
6. **apply for** 申请
7. **ample adj.** 充足的，富裕的
8. **primitive adj.** 原始的，简陋的
9. **identically adv.** 同样地，一模一样地
10. **on the contrary** 与此相反，正相反

II.完成句子

1. **But for his help, we couldn't have finished the program on time.(finish)**
要是没有他的帮助，我们就不可能按时完成这个项目。
2. **With many problems arising, he didn't know what to do next.(arise)**

由于出现了许多问题，他不知道下一步该做什么。

3. **It won't be long before we take the College Entrance Examination.(be)**

要不了多久我们就要参加高考了。

4. **He pretended to be reading/that he was reading aloud in the study when he heard his father open the door.(read)**

当他听到爸爸开门的声音时，他假装在书房大声读书。

5. **Having spent some time in the city, he had no trouble (in) finding the way to the History Museum.(find)**

他在这个城市已经待了一段时间，因此毫不费力就找到了去历史博物馆的路。

6. **So occupied have I been with my work that I haven't had time for social activities. (occupy)**

我一直忙于工作，以致于没有时间去参加社交活动。

7. **When we went shopping last week, Mary spent half as much (money) as I did.(much)**

我们上周去购物的时候，玛丽花掉的钱只是我花掉的一半。

8. **Now that she is out of work, Lucy has been considering going back to school, but she hasn't decided yet.(consider)**

因为露西失业了，她一直在考虑重回学校，但还没最后决定。

9. **It was more important to me to know how people thought, because that gave me insight into the way (in which/that) I could work with them/to work with them.(work)**

对我来说更重要的是去了解人们的想法是怎样产生的，因为这能让我洞察到与他们合作的方式。

10. **Charlie Chaplin made the people laugh at a time when they felt depressed, so they could feel more content with their lives.(depress)**

在人们感到沮丧的时候，查理·卓别林每次都可以使他们开怀大笑，于是人们就对自己的生活感到比较满足。

Day 22

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. customs *n.* 海关; 关税, 进口税
2. drawback *n.* 缺点, 不利条件
3. indicate *v.* 指示, 指出; 表明, 暗示
4. reform *v.* 改革, 革新
5. mark out 画线, 标出……界限
6. team up with 与……合作或一起工作
7. apparent *adj.* 显而易见的, 明显的

8. tentative *adj.* 试探性的, 不确定的

9. nowhere *adv.* 无处, 哪里都不

10. at most 至多, 最多

II. 完成句子

1. Not far had they gone when they were stopped by a sign which read, "Inaccessible".
(go)

他们没走多远就遇到一个警示牌, 上面写着“此路不通”。

2. He has been working too long and should have a break.(work)

他工作的时间太长了, 应该休息一会。

3. They are said to have broken up, and I don't know whether it's true.(break)

据说他们分手了, 我不知道是真是假。

4. There's no denying (the fact) that China's highspeed rail plays a significant role in China's economic development.(deny)

中国的高铁对中国的经济发展起着很重要的作用, 这是不可否认的事实。

5. The project is of such particular significance that we must carry on (with it)/carry it on until we succeed.(carry)

这个项目如此重要, 以至于我们必须继续下去, 直到成功。

6. I earned a/my living by teaching in a high school for five years, and am now working in a university.(earn)

我在一所中学靠教书谋生工作了5年, 现在在大学里工作。

7. I thought I had got through to Frank, while in fact I dialed the wrong number.(get)

我本以为我打通了Frank的电话, 可是实际上我拨错了号码。

8. Not until I read the article a second time did I begin to make sense of it.(sense)

直到我把文章再看一遍才开始理解了。

9. Anyhow, it can't/couldn't have been my fault. I was driving cautiously at the time.
(fault)

不管怎么说, 这肯定不能怪我, 我当时开车很小心。

10. He didn't make an appearance at the party, though he had promised to.(promise)

尽管他答应来参加聚会了, 但是他没有来。

Day 23

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. **punishment n.** 惩罚, 惩处

2. **justice n.** 正义, 公平

3. **undertake v.** 着手; 从事; 承担

4. **preserve v.** 保存, 保留
5. **pay off** 得到好结果, 取得成功, 偿清
6. **cast down** 使沮丧, 不愉快
7. **straightforward adj.** 简单的, 直接的, 坦率的
8. **complicated adj.** 复杂的, 难懂的
9. **commercially adv.** 商业地, 贸易地
10. **all in all** 总的来说

II.完成句子

1. **The girl under the tall tree was seen sitting there reading all the afternoon.(sit)**
有人看见大树下的那个女孩坐在那里读了一下午的书。
2. **We' d like to know how it is that a businessman like your age has succeeded in remaining energetic.(it)**
我们想知道一个像你这样年龄的商人究竟怎样成功地保持精力充沛的。
3. **I finally got the job I dreamed about.Never in all my life had I felt so happy.(feel)**
我最终得到了我梦想的工作, 我一生从来没有这样高兴过。
4. **But for the help of my English teacher , I would not have won the first prize in the English Writing Competition.(win)**
要不是我的英语老师的帮助, 我就不会在英语写作比赛中获得一等奖。
5. **The typical cases where/in which consumers are cheated will be introduced to readers to warn them of potential risks.(cheat)**
消费者被骗的典型事例将被介绍给读者以提醒他们潜在的风险。
6. **The boy , like many other English learners , has met with many difficulties in learning English during the past seven years.(meet)**
和许多其他英语学习者一样, 在过去7年中, 那个男孩学习英语遇到了很多困难。
7. **Being caught in a heavy traffic jam while you are hurrying to the airport is quite an unpleasant experience.(catch)**
急着赶往机场时, 遭遇交通堵塞是很不愉快的经历。
8. **As the College Entrance Examination is in sight , we teachers feel no more relaxed than you students.(relax)**
高考临近, 我们老师并不比你们学生感觉轻松。
9. **You can hardly imagine what great progress he has made in such a short time ! (make)**
你简直难以想象他在这么短的时间内取得了多么大的进步!
10. **Advertisements have become part of everyday life , so it is important that we educate**

ourselves about them to avoid being fooled.(avoid)

广告已经成为日常生活的一部分，因此我们加强自我教育很重要，以免被愚弄。

Day 24

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. breakthrough *n.* 突破
2. procedure *n.* 程序, 步骤, 手续
3. restore *v.* 恢复, 重建
4. adore *v.* 崇拜, 爱慕
5. set out 开始, 着手; 出发, 动身
6. cut up 切碎
7. compulsory *adj.* 必须的, 义务的; 强制的, 强迫的
8. reasonable *adj.* 合情理的, 讲道理的
9. merely *adv.* 仅仅, 只不过
10. in favor of 赞成, 支持

II. 完成句子

1. It still remains to be seen whether he is/has been convinced of our competence.(convince)
他是否已经相信了我们的能力，这还有待观察。
2. It is how you will respond to your mistakes that I care about.(care)
我在意的是你对于自己的错误作出什么样的反应。
3. At the end of the lecture , I' m ready to answer any questions involving/that/which involve the protection of the earth.(involve)
在讲座的最后，我愿意回答关于保护地球的任何问题。
4. It is apparent that he has been addicted to the Internet and has difficulty quitting it.(addict)
显然他已经对网络上瘾了，很难摆脱。
5. Under no circumstances are you allowed to use the telephone in the office for personal affairs.(allow)
不管什么情况，你们都不许用办公室的电话办私事。
6. He failed to attend the interview punctually, and this/it cost him/which cost him a precious chance.(cost)
他没能按时参加面试，这使他失去了一个宝贵的机会。
7. Having lost the ability 或 Because/As/Since he had lost the ability to speak , he had to communicate with his friends and family by using sign language.(lose)
他失去了说话的能力，只好用手语与朋友和家人交流。

8. Everyone in my class passed the exam. So it can't have been difficult/hard. (can)
这次考试我们班上的每个人都过了，因此它肯定不难。
9. Experts claim that this is one of the problems (that/which are) ignored easily by parents.
(ignore)
专家说这是家长们容易忽略的问题之一。
10. I saw the manager in his office just now, when he was being interviewed by a journalist from the local TV station. (interview)
我刚才在办公室看见经理了，那时他在接受当地电视台记者的采访。

Day 25

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. **assumption n.** 假定，设想
2. **regulation n.** 规则，规章，法规
3. **accumulate v.** 积累，聚积
4. **distinguish v.** 区分，辨别，使有别于
5. **call up** 给……打电话
6. **object to** 反对
7. **arbitrary adj.** 任意的，专横的
8. **conservative adj.** 保守的，守旧的
9. **abruptly adv.** 突然地，唐突地
10. **in vain** 徒劳

II. 完成句子

1. **We wanted to finish our work before dark, but it didn't turn out as planned.** (turn)
我们本想在天黑之前完成工作，但是结果未能如愿。
2. **Many people are waiting for the further drop of housing prices with money in their hands, according to a report.** (wait)
一项调查显示，很多人正拿着钱等待房价进一步下跌。
3. **Never did I realize what a stupid mistake/how stupid a mistake I had committed!** (stupid)
我从来没有意识到我犯了一个多么愚蠢的错误！
4. **Schools have rights to make up their own rules based on 或 that/which are based on the general interests of students.** (base)
学校有权利根据学生的普遍利益来制订自己的规则。
5. **What a pity! I could have stayed in Hainan two more days, but something urgent needed to be dealt with.** (stay)

真遗憾！我本来能在海南多待两天，但有些紧急的事要处理。

6. The world thinks highly of what the Chinese government as well as its people **has achieved** last year.(achieve)

世人高度评价中国政府和中国人民在过去的一年里所取得的成就。

7. The command from the boss **that we (should) finish the task** in an hour made us **pressed**.(finish)

老板命令我们在一个小时内完成这项任务，这使大家很有压力。

8. The war **having ended** in Iraq, the President is **setting about** rebuilding the country.
(end)

伊拉克战争结束之后，总统开始着力重新建设这个国家。

9. As we were carrying on with the plan, **unexpected difficulties/problems** kept arising.
(expect)

我们在执行这个计划的时候，总出现一些预料之外的困难。

10. **Was it when he turned up** at the door that all the reporters went up to interview **him?** (turn)

是不是当他出现在门口的时候，所有的记者都冲过去采访他？

Day 26

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. popularity *n.* 流行，受人喜爱
2. caution *n.* 小心，谨慎
3. decline *v.* 谢绝；衰退
4. polish *v.* 擦亮；使完美；润色
5. dive into 一心投入；迅速把手伸入
(包或口袋里)
6. set about 开始做
7. convenient *adj.* 便利的，方便的，就近的
8. dynamic *adj.* 充满活力的，精力充沛的；
动态的
9. alternatively *adv.* 供选择地；或者
10. from time to time 不时，偶尔

II. 完成句子

1. You' ve done so much work **that you are bound to** pass the exam.(bound)
你下了这么大功夫，一定能考及格。
2. Dr.Finkelstein **has been studying** smells since 1999.(study)

冯克斯博士从1999年开始一直在研究气味。

3. When Darlene from France came dashing through the door, she recognized Tony's smiling face.(smile)

当来自法国的达琳从门口匆忙进来时，她认出了托尼微笑的面孔。

4. Only after her mother came to help her was she allowed to begin her project.(allow)

只是在她母亲来帮她的忙后，她才得以开始自己的计划。

5. It was the first time (that) I had visited such a beautiful place.(visit)

这是我第一次看到这么美丽的地方。

6. This gift was the Amber Room, which was given this name because several tons of amber were used to make it.(give)

这件礼物就是琥珀屋，它之所以被这样命名，是因为建造这间房子用了好几吨的琥珀。

7. Whether life will continue on the earth for millions of years to come will depend on whether this problem can be solved.(continue)

在未来的数百万年间，生命能否在地球上延续取决于这个问题能否得到解决。

8. The moment I heard the news that she had been admitted into Oxford University, I sent an email to congratulate her.(moment)

我一听到她被牛津大学录取的消息，就马上发电子邮件向她表示祝贺。

9. If the rules of perspective had not been discovered, people would not have been able to paint such realistic pictures.(able)

如果没有发现透视法，人们就不可能画出如此逼真的画。

10. I would rather tell him about it myself than let him find out from other people.(rather)

我宁肯自己把事情告诉他，也不愿他从别人那里得知这件事。

Day 27

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. **expectation n.** 预料，期待
2. **recognition n.** 认出；认可，承认
3. **interrupt v.** 打断……讲话；打岔；中断
4. **assume v.** 假设，设想
5. **break down** 出故障；损坏，破坏
6. **consist of** 由……组成
7. **idiomatic adj.** 惯用的，符合语言习惯的
8. **enthusiastic adj.** 热情的，热心的
9. **efficiently adv.** 效率高地，有能力地
10. **regardless of** 不管，不顾

II.完成句子

1. He must have dropped out of school, or he shouldn' t be here working.(drop)
他肯定是辍学了, 不然他此时不应该在这里工作的。
2. It' s time (that) you got rid of/should get rid of your bad habits, Tom.(get)
汤姆, 你该改掉你的那些坏习惯了。
3. I' m told that he will have reached home when I arrive.(reach)
有人告诉我说, 等我到达的时候, 他将已经到家了。
4. If I had taken/Had I taken my umbrella with me when I came out this morning , I would not be wet now.(take)
如果我早上出门带了雨伞, 现在就不会淋湿。
5. We' d better take umbrellas it will be raining when we arrive in Beijing at 8 tomorrow morning.(rain)
我们最好带伞, 明天早上 8 点到北京的时候天会正在下雨。
6. No matter how many mistakes you may/might/will make, you are still way ahead of one who isn' t trying.(make)
无论你可能会犯多少错, 你都走在那些没有在进行尝试的人的前面。
7. Because they have been exposed to such heavy pollution for long , many of the villagers are diagnosed with cancer.(expose)
因为长期接触这么严重的污染, 很多村民被诊断出得了癌症。
8. It was the guide' s devotion to her work , rather than the beautiful scenery, that impressed me most.(impress)
最打动我的不是这里美丽的景色, 而是导游的敬业。
9. Last night I had wanted to watch the NBA basketball game , but Mary insisted on/upon watching 或 insisted that she (should) watch a TV play, and I had to give in.(insist)
昨天晚上我本想看 NBA 篮球比赛的, 可是 Mary 坚持要看电视剧, 我只好妥协了。
10. I can earn twice as much as I did five years ago , but I still feel short of money.
(earn)
我现在的收入是 5 年前的 2 倍多, 但我还是觉得钱不够用。

Day 28

I.多项选择词汇检测

1. identification *n.* 鉴定, 确定; 身份证明
2. directory *n.* 电话簿, 商行名录
3. claim *v.* 要求, 声明, 主张

4. involve v. 牵扯, 涉及, 使卷入
5. ring back 回复电话
6. ring off 挂断电话
7. passive *adj.* 被动的, 消极的
8. valid *adj.* 有效的, 确凿的
9. representatively *adv.* 典型地, 有代表性地
10. in need of 需要

II.完成句子

1. I just wonder what it was that annoyed her so much that she even avoided talking to me.(it)
我不知道是什么事让她如此生气, 她甚至不想跟我讲话。
2. Frank insisted that he didn't fall asleep although I had great difficulty in waking him up.
(asleep)
尽管我费了很大的劲才叫醒 Frank, 他还坚持说他没有睡着。
3. Although the causes of cancer are being uncovered, we do not yet have any practical way to prevent it.(uncover)
尽管癌症的起因正在逐步被弄清楚, 但我们还没有任何实际的办法预防它。
4. The young mother came downstairs with a baby boy in her arms.What a lovely picture!
(arm)
那位年轻的母亲怀抱男婴走下楼梯。多美的一幅画面啊!
5. The instant (that) the plane took off it went wrong and the passengers aboard were badly injured.(instant)
飞机一起飞就出问题了, 机上的乘客伤得很厉害。
6. On top of the mountain stands an old temple, which attracts a lot of visitors.(stand)
山顶上有一座古老的庙宇, 吸引了很多游客。
7. If it is the case, there is no point (in) arguing further with him.(point)
这种情形下, 再和他争论也没有什么意义。
8. The importance of saving gas can't/can never be stressed too much.Automobiles use up some 70 billion gallons of gas each year.(stress)
节省汽油的重要性再怎么强调也不过分。机动车辆每年用大约 700 亿加仑的汽油。
9. Let's hurry.Mother must be waiting for us now.(wait)
快点, 妈妈现在一定在等我们。
10. An idea suddenly came into my mind that I could solve the difficult problem in another way.(solve)
我突然想到我能够用另外一种方法解决这个难题。

Day 29

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. **criterion** n. (评判的)标准, 尺度
2. **extension** n. 扩大, 延伸
3. **associate** v. 联想, 联系; 交往
4. **widen** v. 拓宽
5. **hang on** 不挂断, 稍等; 紧紧握住; 坚持不懈
6. **get through** 用电话联系上; 做完; 通过
7. **innocent** adj. 清白的; 天真的
8. **current** adj. 现在的, 当前的
9. **besides** adv. 再者, 加之, 而且
10. **out of order** 次序颠倒, 发生故障

II. 完成句子

1. I was just going to cut my rose bushes but someone had done it. Was it you? (do)
我正要修剪我的玫瑰花丛, 但是已有人修过, 是你吗?
2. The church tower which is being restored will be open to tourists soon.(restore)
正在修复中的教堂塔楼很快就会对旅游者开放。
3. By the time they complete the investigation, the truth of the matter will have come to light.(light)
当他们结束调查时, 这个事情的真相就将水落石出。
4. Daddy said he would come home at 7 for dinner yesterday, but he got home at 8:30. He must have been/got caught in the traffic jam on his way home.(catch)
昨天晚上爸爸说7点回家吃饭, 结果他8:30才回家, 他肯定在路上遇到交通堵塞了。
5. Impressive as the record is, it fades next to the story of Armstrong's struggle against disease.(as)
虽然这项纪录给人深刻的印象, 但它同Armstrong与疾病作斗争的事相比就相形见绌了。
6. It is in the lab which was built three years ago that the students are doing an experiment.(do)
这些学生正在3年前修建的实验室里做实验。
7. Although she insists (that) he (should) not go, Andrew is determined to go and says he won't change his mind.(insist)
尽管她坚持认为他不应该去, Andrew还是决定要去, 并且说他会不会改变主意。

8. **The naughty boy tends to imitate the way (that/in which) our professor walks.(way)**

这个淘气的男孩常常模仿我们教授走路的样子。

9. **As a child, Jack studied in a village school, which was named after his grandfather.
(name)**

小时候, Jack 在那个以他爷爷的名字命名的乡村学校上学。

10. **Give more attention to your study, and you will make greater progress in the final exam this term.(give)**

多关注你的学习, 你就会在本学期期末考试中取得更大的进步。

Day 30

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. fortune *n.* 机会, 运气
2. possibility *n.* 可能性
3. overlook *v.* 忽略, 不理睬; 俯视
4. shrink *v.* 收缩; 退缩
5. fade out 渐淡, 逐渐模糊
6. end up 最终处于, 最终……, 以……
结尾

7. practical *adj.* 实际的, 实践的
8. authentic *adj.* 真实的, 逼真的
9. roughly *adv.* 粗略地, 粗糙地
10. in case 万一, 以防

II. 完成句子

1. Thanks to newspapers, television, the Internet and other news media, we are informed of/kept informed of what is happening around the world.(inform)
多亏报纸、电视、网络和其他新闻媒介, 我们得以了解世界上的时事动态。
2. If the fields are seen from above, they look like a geometrical pattern.(see)
从高处往下看, 那些农田像是几何图案。
3. —Can the students seated at the back 或 who/that are seated at the back of the classroom hear me? (seat)
D No problem.
D D 坐在教室后面的学生能听见我说话吗?
D D 没有问题。
4. We began our holiday, the test finished.(finish)
考试结束了, 我们开始放假。

5. We mustn't lose sight of the fact that smoking is dangerous to health.(lose)
我们千万不要忽视吸烟对健康的危害。
6. Little did he realize that he would soon meet the man who would put him on the path to making his Olympic dream become a reality.(realize)
当时他不知道自己不久就会遇到一位贵人，这位贵人将把他带上实现奥运梦想之路。
7. Hard as he worked, he couldn't earn enough to support himself.(as)
尽管他努力工作，他也不能挣足够的钱养活自己。
8. He could not concentrate on his studies and soon he had to leave school.(concentrate)
他无法集中精力学习，不久就离开了学校。
9. My classmate, who is from a foreign country, can't tolerate being made fun of in public places.(make)
我的来自外国的同学不能容忍在公共场所被取笑。
10. I've tried very hard to improve my English. But by no means is the teacher satisfied with my progress.(satisfy)
虽然我尽力提高自己的英语水平，但是老师对我的进步一点也不满意。

Day 31

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. **competence n.** 能力, 胜任, 本领
2. **personnel n.** 人力资源, 人事部; 全体人员
3. **classify v.** 分类, 归类
4. **remark v.** 谈论, 说起; 评论
5. **put off** 推迟
6. **come off** 戒掉(坏习惯); 成功
7. **competent adj.** 能胜任的, 称职的
8. **extraordinary adj.** 不同寻常的, 非凡的
9. **properly adv.** 适当地, 恰当地
10. **in amazement** 惊讶地

II. 完成句子

1. **Not having completed the programme, they had to stay there for another two weeks.**
(complete)
由于没有完成项目，他们还得在那儿待两周。
2. **We find it interesting/find (that) it is interesting that American students have so many clubs, in which they can take part in all kinds of activities they like.**(find)
我们觉得美国学生有许多俱乐部很有意思，他们可以在那里参加他们感兴趣的各

动。

3. **“By the time these problems are discovered, ” Miller says, “they have probably been there for decades, which makes it difficult to go back and retrace how things came about” . (come)**

Miller 说：“发现问题时，它们可能已经在那里数十年了，这使我们很难追溯事情到底是怎么发生的。”

4. **Despite the debate, there is no doubt that Diana spent much of her time doing humanitarian work.(there)**

尽管有争议，但戴安娜在人道主义工作上花费了许多时间，这是毫无疑问的。

5. **With the guide leading the way, we arrived at the place of interest without any problem.(lead)**

有导游带路，我们很容易就到达了名胜区。

6. **The living room is clean and tidy, with a dining table already laid for a meal to be served.(serve)**

客厅收拾得干净整洁，餐桌已摆好准备上饭。

7. **If it is convenient to/for you, please come to my office and take the papers to the classroom.(it)**

如果你方便的话，请来我办公室把试卷拿到教室。

8. **That fashion differs from country to country may reflect the cultural differences. (differ)**

国与国之间时尚的不同或许会反映出文化的不同。

9. **Look at the trouble I am in! If only I had followed your advice.(follow)**

看看我现在的处境，要是听了你的建议该多好。

10. **What surprised us/What made us surprised was that the students, who didn't study hard, passed in the final examination.(surprise)**

使我们感到惊奇的是，那些学习不用功的学生期末考试都通过了。

Day 32

I. 多项选择词汇检测

1. adaption *n.* 适应；改编本
2. acquaintance *n.* 相识，了解；熟人
3. compromise *v.* 妥协，折中
4. simplify *v.* 简化
5. get over 恢复；克服；使理解
6. bring up 培养；呕出；提出

7. superior *adj.* 优秀的; 上级的
8. antique *adj.* 古老的, 古董的
9. once more 又一次, 再一次
10. in terms of 就……来说; 从……角度

II.完成句子

1. It is said that he is the only one of the students who has got/gets scholarships several times.
(get)
据说他是唯一一个多次获得奖学金的学生。
2. They share little in common except (that) they come from the same country, but it doesn't matter.(come)
他们除来自同一个国家外没有什么共同点, 但是这没关系。
3. The father as well as his three children goes swimming in the freezing river every Sunday afternoon in winter.(go)
冬天每个周日下午父亲和三个孩子都会在冰冷的河水里游泳。
4. Rather than drive his/the car, he prefers to go to work on foot every day for his health.
(rather)
为了健康他每天上班都是步行而不是开车。
5. Either you or the headmaster is going to hand out the prizes to those gifted students at the meeting tomorrow.(hand)
你或者校长明天将在会上给那些天资聪慧的学生颁奖。
6. The old man was very angry when he caught/came in sight of his daughter dancing with that young man.(sight)
老人看到他女儿和那个年轻人跳舞, 很是生气。
7. I think this is a stage (that/which) a market must go through.In fact I think it is beneficial to the industry.(go)
我认为这是市场必经的一个阶段, 实际上我认为这是有利于这个行业的。
8. People in Chongqing are proud of what they have achieved in the past ten years.(achieve)
重庆人为他们在过去 10 年里所取得的成就而自豪。
9. I feel guilty that I may/might have made the wrong decision.(make)
我很自责, 我可能作出了错误的决定。
10. I was born in a remote and backward village, where all the locals used to lead a poor life/led a poor life in the past.(lead)
我出生于一个遥远而落后的小山村, 那里的人们过去过着贫困的生活。

